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THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

VOLUME 21 JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, MONDAY, JANUARY 7, 1878. NUMBER 257

THE STATUTE REVISION AND OVER-LEGISLATION.

We made a brief mention a few days ago that the revisers of the Wisconsin Statutes were industriously engaged in preparing their work for the action of the Legislature. The law—passed in 1875—requires that the revisers shall complete the revision so that it can be presented to the Legislature on the first day of the session in 1878. It is understood that the work can not be completed by that time, but it will be put in such a shape as will answer the requirements of the law. The Board of Revisers propose, if possible, to arrange the revision so that the new acts, amendments, and so on, which will be passed by the coming session of the Legislature, can be incorporated in the work. This plan is deemed wise in order that, for the present, at least, none of the general laws in the new revision shall be modified or repealed by this session. It is reported that the Board have consulted with Governor Smith on this subject, and that he will favor the plan in his message. Upon this important work three prominent lawyers of the State have been engaged most of the time since the passage of the law creating the Board. J. P. C. Cottrell, David Taylor and William F. Vilas, were the original revisers, and last winter the Legislature passed a law increasing the number to five, and Hon. H. S. Orton and J. H. Carpenter, Esq., were added, but having special work to do, they have not taken an important part in the main structure of the revision. The Supreme Court, which appointed the Board under the act of '75, fixed the pay of the revisers at $15 per day, and also allowed $5 per day each to two clerks. Already some $16,000 have been paid the revisers, and the sum necessary to complete the revision, including printing and clerk hire, is placed at $22,000. It is not definitely settled as to the number of copies of the statutes that will be printed. Estimates have ranged all the way from seven thousand to twenty thousand, and the cost of printing has been placed as high as $1 per copy and as low as $3.

The last previous revision of the statutes of the State was made in 1858, when the work was done by David Taylor, of Fond du Lac; Fred S. Lovell, of Kenosha; and S. J. Todd, of Beloit. Since then nineteen regular sessions of the Legislature have been held and the immense amount of legislation done in that time, has so modulated the statutes of '58 that they are of little worth. A careful examination of the vast number of general laws enacted in this State during the past twenty years will convince any ordinary observed that we are annually inflicted with over-legislation. Yearly these laws are ground out by the hundreds, until at last the statutes have been so cut up by repeals and amendments that, in the language of a prominent lawyer, "to understand the statute law of the State with any degree of correctness, is almost impossible." Just see what the Legislature has done in this direction. From 1859 to 1870, both years inclusive, there were 3,543 general laws passed. Of this number 506 were amendments to the revised statutes; 173 were acts to repeal general laws; and 475 were acts to amend the revised statutes. During these twelve years there were 5,543 local laws passed, and nearly a thousand of them were repealing or amendatory acts. The legislation since 1870 is proportionately as great as it was for the twelve years. This condition of things naturally gives rise to the question "cannot something be done to check this over-legislation?" Whether we can hope for a radical reform in this matter seems doubtful, but all will admit that something should be done which should be done which will give some permanence to the statute laws of the State.

The effort to force a receiver upon the Wisconsin Central Railroad Company, has proved a failure. In order however to protect any equities that the court may ultimate determine, the company has been directed to make a report every two months of its receipts and expenditures, and not to pay out any money arising from a possible surplus, except by direction of the court. There is very small likelihood of there being any great surplus.

New York merchants are discussing the advisability of doing away with the present system of commercial traveling. They find that in the West their drummers, as a rule, do not bring in enough orders to pay expenses. The Western dealers are holding direct communication with manufacturers, and the New York jobbers feel the falling off in trade severely.

The prohibitionists of New Hampshire propose to run an independent ticket during the State election. Whatever may be the moral desire to have cold water reign supreme, the past shows the policy to be a poor one. A party that has only one plank to stand on generally falls through.

Peru seems unable to satisfy its appetite for Chineemen. It now has 70,000 of them, who enjoy all the privileges of native citizenship, and steamers are being built to bring over more of them.

An alumni of Harvard has recently given that institution money enough to build a gymnasium capable of accommodating 300 persons. He evidently wants to get the boys on their muscle.

The new army bill provides for promoting privates from the ranks. This will have a strong tendency to discourage desertions, which has been such a detriment to the service of late.

The defalcation epidemic seems to be spreading into Canada. The city treasurer of Quebec is named as the latest victim. Amount $300,000. Total loss. No insurance.

INAUGURATION

Of Governor Smith and Other State Officers.

A Grand Military and Civic Display.

Decorations of the State Capitol.

The Governor's Reception in the Senate Chamber.

The Inauguration Ball in the Assembly Chamber.

Review of the State Militia by Gov. Smith and Staff.

An Immense Jam of Humanity in the Streets.

The Speakership and other Legislative Matters.

THE INAUGURATION.

Special Dispsteh to the Janesville Gazette.

Madison, Jan. 7th—At half past ten the Portage train arrived under charge of Conductor Pierce Ryan, containing Mauston guards, and a large number of visitors, and the inaugural train, under charge of Conductor Tackert, carrying the State officers-elect, with military companies from Milwaukee, Sheboygan and Green Bay, arrived at Madison at twelve o'clock, where they were met by the Governor's guard and a large concourse of people. A procession was formed with the State officers' reception committee and others, in carriages, and a large number of citizens and visitors on foot, with the military escorting them, forming a long line and marched to the State House, making a very fine and imposing appearance. Military forming in double lines with arms at "present"; the State officers passed through the lines; the officers elect went immediately to the Senate Chamber; and at one o'clock Chief Justice Ryan administered the oath of office, and the several officers were initiated into office. The crowd in the Capitol, notwithstanding the intense cold weather, was immense. Not more than half the people could obtain admission to the chambers to see the administration of the oath. The administration of the oath in the Senate chamber is rather a departure from established custom, all previous State officers having been sworn in in the Assembly Chamber. The decorations in both chambers for the reception and ball are very fine. The Senate chamber is decorated very handsomely with National, State and battle flags and evergreens. Near the entrance is a large white screen, representing a three pointed shield upturned, heavily trimmed with evergreen, and surmounted by the stuffed eagle, "Old Andy." In front of this screen, Governor Smith and wife, with the other State Officers and their ladie will receive their friends, the reception commencing at seven continuing until ten p. m., when the ball will commence, music being furnished by Prof. Bach and Severance and Williams, of Milwauke. The Assembly Chamber is handsomely decorated with National, State and battle flags and evergreens. In the rotunda there is a large fountain, surrounded by a smaller one, the whole surrounded by hot house plants, flowers, and trailing vines, beautiful jets of water shooting far up in the rotunda, falling back in spray on beautiful flowers and vines. Large numbers of legislators arrived on all trains. There seemed to be no doubt but Mr. Kelly, of Green Bay, will be elected Speaker. Of course the inaugural is taking attention to-day, and not much canvassing will be done; but to-morrow the pulling and hauling will begin in earnest. At two o'clock the streets were jammed with people to see the inspection of the military by Gov. Smith and staff. The several companies acquitted themselves with great credit.

CONFLAGRATIONS.

A Disastrous Blaze at Ripon, Wis.—Another At Shenandoah City, Pa.

Ripon, Wis., Jan. 6.—Mr. C. Kellogg, met with a serious loss this morning in the burning of his centennial brick block which occupied a large frontage, corner of Main and Fond du Lac streets. The fire broke out about 4 o'clock and is supposed to have originated in the millinery shop of Mrs. Hollister. When discovered the flames had gained considerable headway and the wood-work of the building, being light, burned rapidly. Before 6 o'clock the whole structure was in ruins. The block was valued at about $12,000; insured for $8,000. Those occupying the building were: A. Bittel, meat market; Hollister & Haly, milliners; Brown & Stuart, clothiers, P. A. Stone, stationers and fancy goods; C. Combs, boots and shoes; Schurtz Brothers, harness makers, and Clark Brothers, dry goods, occupying the first floor and the basement at the corner. Rooms above were used as offices. Clark Brothers estimate their stock on hand at about $15,000. Nearly one quarter, consisting of dress goods, was saved; insured in several companies for about $8,000. The other losses are not fully known but the total will not be far from $30,000. The buildings on the opposite side of the street were considerably damaged by the intense heat, and but for the efforts of the firemen would probably have burned.

Shenandoah City, Pa., Jan. 6.—Last evening fire was seen issuing from the Ellangowan breaker, belonging to the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, and a few hours later the entire breaker, saw mill and engine house were consumed to cinders, including about 300 tons of coal. The destruction of this breaker throws 300 men and boys out of employment. The loss is estimated at $100,000. As there has been some trouble with the different operators failing to form a combination, President Gowan issued orders for a suspension of about two weeks, commencing to-morrow. The destruction by fire of this breaker is supposed to have been the work of incendiarism on account of the issuing of this order. Trouble has broken out in different places in this region within the last few days, and the operators are becoming very much alarmed.

THE ARMY.

The New Bill—Its Reorganization,—Promotion from the Ranks—The Rumors About Schurz will not Stay Quiet—The Mexican Question.

Washington, Jan. 6—Gen. Banning chairman of the house committee on military affairs, together with several other members of that committee, has been here during the recess actively engaged in the preparation of a new bill for the reorganization of the army.

The bill will provide first, to consolidate the present twenty-five regiments of infantry into fifteen regiments and the present ten cavalry regiments into six regiments; second, the reduction of the sixty batteries of artillery to thirty batteries, five of which shall be light artillery; third, the consolidation of the commissary and quartermaster departments into an organization to be styled the department of supplies; fourth, that enlisted men shall be educated and be entitled to promotion from the ranks.

The wild rumor is again started that Secretary Schurz contemplates retiring from the Cabinet and taking the Berlin mission.

The impression in diplomatic circles is that the President and his Cabinet will soon, possibly this week, decide the question of the recognition of the Diaz Government, and that the result will be favorable to Diaz.

THE WAR.

The Porte asks for an Armistice—The Entrance into Sophia—A Desperate Engagement near Bogrov—Schipka Pass Abandoned and the Russians Advance.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 6—An official telegram shows that Sophia was entered on the 3d instant, after a skirmish, in which the Russians lost only twenty-four men.

A telegram received in Paris from Constantinople states that the Porte has asked for an armistice through England.

A telegram from Gen. Gourko announced that a desperate engagement occurred on January 3 near Bogrov. The Turks attempted to surround five battalions of Russian infantry and a brigade of cavalry but were defeated, leaving one thousand dead on the field. The Russians lost 400.

A Bucharest correspondent says an officer from the czarowitz' headquarters states that Gen. Radetsky has crossed the Balkins through the Schipka Pass, the Turks having abandoned their positions previously on account of the severe cold.

J. BULL.

He is said to be Moving Toward War—The Situation Savoring of Sensationalism—Turkey to wait for the British Parliament.

New York, Jan. 6.—Special advices from London, have the following startling statements: The News this morning, charges that a conspiracy against the peace and honor of the country exists in the highest regions of the state, and that patriotic minds have been robbed of their tranquility and made to know that some dark, inscrutable power is plotting against them that thoughts of peace have wholly disappeared, and a disruption of the Cabinet is imminent.

One conclusion believed to have been reached is that a peremptory demand will at once be made on Russia for the definition of her intentions, and in case of her refusal, war will be declared forthwith. There is no reason to think that Russia will return a favorable answer to the demand for her terms of peace, and then enforced mediation will follow, and this means armed intervention and war.

There is no doubt that Beaconsfield is backed by the Queen and a majority of the Cabinet, and that he is relentless in his determination to force Russia to stop where she is, or precipitate an armed collision.

It seems that Russia is determined to push her conquests to Constantinople and conclude a separate peace with Turkey, and it is equally certain that England will not submit to such a programme.

London, January 5—A dispatch from Constantinople states that, if Russia rejects mediation, Turkey will await the meeting of the British Parliament before making direct overtures to Russia.

THE SICK ONES.

Death Captures Several Notables—The Pope's Health Improving—Other Personals.

Florence, Jan. 6.—General Alfonso Ferraro La Marmora, the well known General and statesman, is dead.

The Marquis of Wilopolski, a distinguished Polish statesman, is dead.

London, Jan. 6.—The Marquis of Aylesbury, is dead; age, 74 years.

The King of Italy is very ill. A telegram from Rome says the King, on Saturday, was attacked with a violent fever, which produced pleurisy in the right lung

A correspondent in Rome telegraphs that the pope continues to improve in health, and his physician is now of the opinion that his Holiness will soon recover.

Springfield, Mass, Jan. 6.—Samuel Bowles has a recurrence of the serious effusion at the base of his brain Saturday night, and now lies very prostrate.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 6.—Gen. John O'Niel who became quite noted as a leader of the Fenian raid on Canada in 1865, is lying at the point of death at Mercy Hospital, from a paralytic stroke received about three months ago.

QUEBRA OLAS.

The Rock on which the Steamer Atacama was Wrecked—101 Persons Lost.

Panama, Dec. 25.—A letter from Lima gives the particulars of the loss of the steamer Atacama, which went to pieces on a rock known as Quebra Olas, a short distance south of Caldera, on the Chilian coast, on the night of the 30th. Captain Hall, of the officers, and many of the crew and passengers were lost. In all, it is estimated that 101 persons were drowned. Twenty-nine were saved. The ship was on a trip from Valpariaso to Callao. She struck at 8 p. m., when the majority of the passengers were below, and so instantaneous was the breaking up of the ship that no time was given to gain the deck. The cargo lost was not of great value, and the passengers were mostly Chilians, journeying between the ports.

SWING'S OUT.

He Joins Beecher in Denouncing Future Damnation.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—Prof. Swing, in his sermon, yesterday, practically joined in the belief lately expressed by Beecher, that an eternity of torment was impossible with divine love. His orthodox friends were greatly surprised at his now position.

How Louisiana Seceded.

Gen. Dick Taylor Confederate in North American Review.

In January, 1861, the Assembly of Louisiana met. A member of the upper branch and Chairman of its Committee on Federal Relations, I brought in and assisted in passing, an act to call a convention of the people of the State to consider matters beyond the competency of the Assembly. The convention met in March, and was presided over by ex-Governor and ex-United States Senator Alexandre Mouton, a man of pure and lofty character. I sat in the Convention for my own parish, St. Charles, and was appointed Chairman of the Military and Defense Committee. On behalf of the committee two ordinances were carried through, one to raise two regiments, one of artillery, and one of infantry, enlistments for five years, unless sooner discharged, officers appointed by the Governor of the State after examination. More would have been desirable in the way of raising troops, but the temper of men's minds did not then justify the effort. The other ordinance authorized the Governor to use $1,00,000 for purchase of arms and munitions. No such purchase was made, as the Governor was assured on all hands there was no danger of war, and the United States Arsenal at Baton Rouge, entirely in our power, would furnish more than we could need. It was vainly urged in reply that the stores of the arsenal were almost valueless, the arms altered flint-lock muskets, and the accoutrements of date. The current was too strong to stem. The convention adopted an ordinance declaring that Louisiana ceased to be a State within the Union by an immense majority of votes, not more than five members dissenting. Indeed, similar action having already been taken or assured by South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, and Texas, it was a necessity for Louisiana to accompany her neighbors. The inauguration of Lincoln, the confederation of South Carolina, Georgia, and the five Gulf States, the attitude of the border Slave States hoping to mediate, the assembling of Confederate forces at Pensacola, Charleston, and other points, the seizure of United States forts and arsenals, the attack on Sumpter, war—these followed with bewildering rapidity, and the human agencies concerned seemed as unconscious as scene shifters in some awful tragedy.

Stephens on Himself.

The hackmen of Washington used to say of Alexander H. Stephens, fifteen years ago, that he had been dying every month for a century, and was cheating them out of their funeral fares. He has been in New York, the guest of Alvin J. Johnson, and says of himself: "I suppose I have been the subject of as many health bulletins as anybody, and can compete in that regard with Charles O'Connor, Mr. Morton, and the Pope. Well, my health is better in some respects than it has been in twenty years: in others not so good. I suppose I have been the most pitiful subject of dyspepsia that any person has been and yet survive. I can't even now eat an egg nor touch a cup of coffee settled with egg. I can't touch butter nor milk, but can take hold of a chop, a serloin steak, or chicken with relish. My rheumatism is worse, and I am weaker in the limbs than I have been. The bronchial troubles which so nearly carried me off last winter have nearly disappeared. If I continue in the same state of health, I am now in, I will be able to attend the sessions of the House very regularly this winter. In 1874 and 1875 I didn't miss a day." Mr. Stephens' face is furrowed by suffering: his eyes are small, dark, and vivacious; his hand, smaller than that of a delicate girl, is white and firm.

An Old Man to be Hung.

From the Troy Times.

Lester Brotherton, sentenced to be hanged at Auburn, on the 17th proximo, for the murder of one Moon, is a decrepit old man of 80 years. Moon was a son-in-law, and had caused the incarceration of Brotherton in the State Prison on an infamous charge, in order, as is now believed that he might get his property. It does seem that hanging is about as bad a use as a man of 80 years can be put to, and we are glad that an effort is being made for a commutation. Cayuga is getting a reputation as the great hanging county of the State, but it certainly can afford to spare this wretched old man, who cannot cumber the earth much longer at best. Hanging ought to be "played out," in its application to octogenarians.

A Lack of a Word.

From the New York World.

In the bright "New American Cyclopedia," there's no such word as "hell." It is a conspiracy to defraud the American people out of its latest inalienable grievance.

It is now an acknowledged fact that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. It has been cured in a very great number of cases (some of them apparently desperate ones) by Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup alone, and in others by the same medicine in connection with Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, one or both, according to the requirements of the case.

The old supposition that "Consumption is incurable," for many years deterred physicians from attempting to find a remedy for that disease and patients afflicted with it reconciled themselves to death without an effort being made to save them from a doom which was considered inevitable.

Dr. Schenck himself was supposed at one time to be at the very gate of death, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate; he was CURED by the aforesaid medicines and afterward enjoyed uninterrupted good health for more than forty years.—Thousands of people have used Dr. Schenck's preparations with the same remarkable success.

Schenck's Almanac, containing a thorough on Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c., can be had gratis of any druggist, or of J. H. Schenck & Son, Philadelphia. Full directions for the use of Schenck's medicines accompany each package.

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Fine Imported Chamber Sets,
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FANCY GOODS!
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HOLIDAYS!
Which will be closed out regardless of cost.
Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers
Water Coolers and the celebrated Blanchard Churns in stock at all times. Sole Agent in the city for the Rhind Patent Safety Lamp.
My aim will be to keep a model Crockery and House Furnishing Store, and sell goods cheap.
Thanking my friends and the public generally for their kindness and patronage in the past, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same in my new business. JOHN H. WINGATE.
39 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.
dec17dawly

Election Notice.
A meeting of the First Baptist Church and Society of Janesville, will be held at the Lecture Room of the Church, on Monday evening next, January 7th, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of electing two trustees, for the ensuing term, and to fill any vacancies which may exist. By order of the Board. L. L. ROBINSON,
jan3d3d Clerk.

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Gloves,	Teething Rings,	Penholders,
Mittens,	Lockets,	Rulers,
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Corks,	Cigar Cases,	Corks,
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Combs,	Organ Covers,	Funnels,
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Balls,	Horse Boots,	Gymnasiums,
Dolls,	Trotting Rollers,	Wringers,
Rattles,	Interfering Straps,	Atomizers,
Toys,	Curry Combs,	Syringes,
Pipes,	Carriage Cloth,	Nipples,
Pouches,	Door Mats,	Tumblers,
Stems,	Door Springs,	Stockings,
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We have now on hand One Hundred and Twenty-five Barrels of Apples, all Choice Winter Varieties, which we wish to close out before the 1st of January, and in order to do so offer them at
Extraordinary Low Prices.
All parties wishing to get good Apples at Low Prices will do well to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Only a few barrels of Genuine Talman Sweets left. We are also receiving large lots of
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During the Holidays, which we are closing out on arrival at the lowest prices they have ever sold at this season of the year. Also
Fresh OYSTERS & CELERY
Received daily—the best the market affords—at prices to suit the times. We are also selling all kinds of
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A CASH GROCERY HOUSE.
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All who favor us with a call shall be satisfied that our motto—
"CHEAP FOR CASH!"
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Staple and Fancy Groceries
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23 Main St., Janesville, Wis.
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I am now selling

Standard granulated sugar	12c
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Galveston, December, 1877. 21w4w

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MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPORTANT LETTER
From a Distinguished Physician.
NO single disease has entailed more suffering or hastened the breaking up of the constitution than Catarrh. The sense of smell, of taste, of sight, of hearing, the human voice, the mind, one or more and sometimes all yield to its destructive influence. The poison it distributes throughout the system attacks every vital force, and breaks up the most robust of constitutions. Ignored because but little understood by most physicians, impotently assailed by quacks and charlatans, those suffering from it have little hope to be relieved of it this side of the grave. It is time, then, that the popular treatment of this terrible disease by remedies within the reach of all passed into hands at once competent and trustworthy. The new and hitherto untried method adopted by Dr. Sanford in the preparation of his RADICAL CURE has won my hearty approval. I believe it likely to succeed when all the usual remedies fail, because it strikes at the root of the disease, viz., the *acidified blood*, while it heals the ulcerated membrane by direct application to the nasal passages. Its action is based on certain fixed rules, and unless the vital forces are too far exhausted, must, in the great majority of cases, effect a cure.
GEO. BEARD, M. D.
NORCOTT BLOCK, So. FRAMINGHAM, Oct. 1, 1874.
SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE
MAY safely claim to be one of the few popular remedies receiving the approval of medical gentlemen, who, in private, not only freely recommend it but use it in their families in preference to any of the preparations usually prescribed by physicians.
"You are aware," said a distinguished city physician, "that my obligations to the Mass. Medical Society are such that I cannot publicly recommend or prescribe the Radical Cure; but since I received so much relief from the use of it myself, after a thorough trial of the usual remedies, I have privately advised its use, and presume I have sent to your store no less than one hundred of my patients for it."
UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION.
GENTLEMEN,—We have sold SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE for nearly one year, and can say candidly that we never sold a similar preparation that gave such universal satisfaction. We have to learn the first complaint yet.
We are not in the habit of recommending patent medicines, but your preparation meets the wants of thousands, and we think those afflicted should be convinced of its great merits so that their suffering will be relieved. We have been in the drug business for the past twelve years constantly, and sold everything for Catarrh, but yours leads all the rest. If you see proper you can use this letter or any part of it that you wish.
Very truly yours, S. D. BALDWIN & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Drugs, Books and Stationery, Washington, Ind., Feb. 23, 1876.
Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, and full directions for use in all cases. Price, $1.00. For sale by all wholesale and retail druggists and dealers throughout the United States and Canadas. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER
An Electro-Galvanic Battery combined with a highly Medicated Strengthening Plaster, forming the best Plaster for pains and aches in the World of Medicine.
ELECTRICITY
As a grand curative and restorative agent is not equalled by any element or medicine in the history of the healing art. Unless the vital spark has fled the body, restoration by means of electricity is possible. It is the last resort of all physicians and surgeons, and has rescued thousands, apparently dead, from an untimely grave, when no other human agency could have succeeded. This is the leading curative element in this Plaster.
BALSAM AND PINE.
The healing properties of our own fragrant balsam and pine and the gums of the East are too well known to require description. Their grateful, healing, soothing, and strengthening properties are known to thousands. When combined in accordance with late and important discoveries in pharmacy, their healing and strengthening properties are increased tenfold. In this respect our Plaster is the best in use without the aid of electricity.
TWO IN ONE.
Thus combined we have two grand medical agents in one, each of which performs its function and unitedly produce more cures than any liniment, lotion, wash, or plaster ever before compounded in the history of medicine. Try one. PRICE, 25 CENTS.
Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

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The World of Song.
Magnificent Bound Volume of Songs of the most popular and musical character.
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Each book has 200 to 250 pages full sheet music size, and costs $2.50 in Bds; $3 in Cloth; $4 Fine Gilt for Presents.
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THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY, JANUARY 7, 1878.

THE QUESTION OF FINANCE.

To the Editor.

The all absorbing question of the day is finance. Indeed there is no other in which the people take much interest. The squabbles for office among professional politicians hardly elicit a moment's consideration. But there are so many strange and vague statements being made in reference to the obligation of the Nation to its creditors that a brief and correct review may not be uninteresting to your readers. Almost from the adoption of the Constitution down to 1862 coin was the only money known to the laws, but the silver dollar was the *unit* and *standard*, gold being estimated by its relative value to silver.

When the civil war broke out, in the first flush of excitement, men and money were in great abundance offered to the Government, in the vain hope that the struggle would be short and the Rebellion put down, but in this the Nation was disappointed, and it soon became evident that other ways and means must be resorted to, to meet the constantly increasing wants of the crisis. At first the issue of treasury notes was resorted to, but this mode was soon exhausted and some other means must be employed to obtain money to carry on the war. At this point Thaddeus Stevens, a bold and intreped leader of the House, early in 1862, proposed that treasury notes (greenbacks,) henceforth issued should be a legal tender, not only in all payments to the Government, but in the payment of all debts by and to individuals and corporations, and that no more than $130,000,000 including the $59,000,000 already in circulation, should soon be issued and that these notes should be fundable at the pleasure of the holder into 5-20 bonds bearing six per cent. interest. This bill Congress so amended as to make the *interest* of these bonds payable in *coin*. This was no part of Mr. Stevens' plan, and which so much displeased him that although he advocated the legal tender feature he voted against the final passage of the bill. But the bill passed into a law. Hitherto, only gold and silver coin was recognized as money, but now a new and third element is introduced, clothed with the highest function (legal tender) known to money.

Previously the Government in making appropriations, or promises to pay, named so many *dollars*, nothing being said about the kind, as *coin* only was known as money.

But this new and third element being introduced henceforth it become necessary to specify the kind of legal tender in which a contract must be paid, else it might be liquidated in coin or greenbacks.

Hence we find in all acts of Congress thereafter providing for the issue of bonds or other evidences of debt, provision made as to how and in what the same must be paid.

The first act providing for the issue of bonds was approved late, 1861, the last, March 3d, 1865.

All these acts except the last, (several in number) provided that the *interest* should be payable in *coin*, but most of them were silent as to the payment of the principal. The act of March 3d, 1863, for $600,000,000 made the bonds payable principal and interest in coin or other lawful money, (greenbacks), but in no act is anything said about gold alone.

Now how does the matter stand? The Government has issued this paper money, and made it in the first instance a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, but afterwards excluded it in payment of duties on imports, and the interest on bonds. The immediate effect of this latter action being a great depreciation of all paper promises to pay—"the average depreciation not being less than 50 per cent.

And right here I might as well notice the gist of all this clamor, "that we must be just to the creditors of the nation, especially Foreigners." When, I ask, in the whole history of the world were creditors more generously dealt with? Did they loan the Government coin? Not a dollar. They sold their coin for this depreciated paper, (50 cents average) and bought with it at par the bonds of the Government. Gold, during the war, touched $2 90; one thousand in coin bought $2,900 in bonds, and as to Foreign as well as Domestic creditors, it was to them a mere matter of speculation—money making. The writer had occasion one day during the war, to call at the office of a well known German Broker in Chicago, and while there the express messenger brought in, among other things, one package containing one thousand dollars in coin, with instructions to invest the same in Government Bonds. It belonged to a citizen of Germany. It was sold, and with the proceeds, $2,500, 5 20 6 per. cent coin interest Bonds were purchased. Money at that time in Germany was worth 3 per. cent interest. Now, what has this creditor of the Government realized on the investment? six per cent on $2,500 in coin is 15 per cent on $1,000 the sum *actually* invested and $2,500 in coin when the principal is paid. And what is true of this condition is true, in degree, of every other condition of the Nation, home or foreign and this is the class of persons whom the secretary of the treasury and Jay Gould's Press are so clamorous about having justice done them. Indeed I know personally one rank copperhead who during the darkest hours of the rebellion sent $100,000 coin to the Bank of England for safe keeping, but who later in the struggle when it became apparent that the Nation would survive sold this gold at 200 and obtained for it $200,000 in Government sixes. And not very long ago I saw an article over his own signature advocating the single gold standard in justice to the *patriotic* creditors of the Nation. Surely, traitors are not those alone, who bear arms against the Nation, but as well those who, owing it allegiance, rob it of its vitality, paralize its industries and prostrate the dearest interests of the people.

But allow me to return from this digression to the history of the National debt. After the war was over and the people began to canvass the amount and character of their indebtedness, it was ascertained by the report of the Secretary, Mr. McCullough, that our bonded indebtedness, August 1st, 1865 amounted to a little over $2,700,000,000 beside the sums due and afterwards allowed to States for owning and equipping regiments and batteries for the war and swelling the total to about $3,000,000,000.

Of this vast sum it was contended that a large proportion of it was rightfully and legally payable in lawful money; that the several acts under which bonds had been issued providing specifically that the interest should be payable in coin left it optional with the Government to pay the principal in Greenbacks or coin.

This was the view taken by Thaddeus Stevens who had so strongly resisted the proposition to pay even the interest in coin, and other prominent Republicans coincided with him in this respect. This, however, was not a party question. The question thus raised in Congress and among the people, entered, as all will remember, into the Presidential contest of 1868. The Republican Convention convened, and nominated General Grant as its candidate for President, and, passed resolutions vaguely, but strongly squinting in favor of evincing the utmost good faith towards the public creditor, fulfilling not merely the letter, but the *spirit* of our obligations to them, while the Democratic Convention, which nominated Seymour, plainly resolved that all our indebtedness not expressly payable in coin might, and should be, paid in "lawful money."

General Grant was elected, and this was taken as a condemnation of the Democratic view of the case, and General Grant was hardly warm in his seat (being inaugurated March 4, 1865) when, on the 18th of the same month, he approved the "act to improve the public credit," which reads as follows:

"The faith of the United States is solemnly pledged to the payment in coin, or its equivalent of all the obligations of the United States notes (Greenbacks) and of all the interest-bearing obligations, (bonds) of the United States, except in cases when the law authorizing the issue of such obligations has expressly provided that the same may be paid in lawful money, or other currency than gold and silver."

The reader will observe that gold is nowhere used in this act, except in connection with silver. The above may be regarded as a declaratory statute settling all questions or quibbles in regard to the means of payment, and was the first blood drawn in favor of the bondholder.

Following close upon the passage of the above recited act, Congress in July, 1870, passed the funding act, authorizing the secretary of the treasury to offer new bonds bearing 4—4½ and 5 per cent. interest in exchange for outstanding bonds, and this act especially provides that these newly issued bonds shall be payable in *coin* of the United States at the (1870) standard value, the weight and fineness of both gold and silver having been fixed by law. And this act is still further emphatic and explicit in requiring that this condition should become a part of every bond and every one issued since July 14, 1870 does recite upon its face as follows: "This bond is issued in accordance with the provisions of an act of Congress entitled an act to authorize the refunding of the National Debt, approved July 14, 1870 and ammended by an act approved January 20, 1871, and is redeemable at the pleasure of the United States after the 1st day of September, 1891 in coin of the standard of value of the United States on said *July* 14, 1870 with interest in such coin from the day and date hereof."

These two acts taken together constitute the contract with every condition of the Nation and the money fixed by them is *honest* money because it is the money of the *contract*.

The creditors of the Nation must have every dollar "nominated in the bond and if in the National appreciation of our credit they get the 50 per cent. difference between the depreciated paper money in which they paid for their bonds and the coin which we have so generously agreed to pay them, let them have it, but do not mould and shape all the legislation of the country in the interest of capital to the detriment and expense of the toiling millions. It may be said that England and Germany have adopted the single gold standard except for change and therefore we must do the same thing, but an answer is that Government in a monarchy is a different thing from Government in a Republic. In the one it means the absorbtion of Individual and private rights. In the other it means their protection. We must take care of ourselves regardless of everybody else. An aristocracy in money may do for them but gold for the bondholder, and silver and paper for the people will not do for us, and the public man who undertakes to accomplish this will soon find written upon his political tombstone as an appropriate epitaph, "*Died of and in the Golden Age.*"

Messrs. Editors, having in this article given you what I conceive to be the history and the equity of this great controversy, I will at a future day tell you why (if we are to resume specie payment and I think we ought), silver must be remonetized and be made a full legal tender, else how if we attempt it with gold alone the financial failures, frequent and disastrous as they have been since the panic of 1873, will only be as the muttering of the distant thunder to the crash of the impending storm.

Yours truly,
ALEX. GRAHAM.

Cedar Falls, Jan. 1, 1878.

VEGETINE.

An Excellent Medicine.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 18, 1877.

This is to certify that I have used VEGETINE, manufactured by H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass., for Rheumatism and General Prostration of the Nervous System, with good success. I recommend VEGETINE as an excellent medicine for such complaints. Yours very truly,
C. W. VANDEGRIFT.

Mr. Vandegrift, of the firm of Vandegrift & Huffman, is a well-known business man in this place, having one of the largest stores in Springfield, O.

Our Minister's Wife.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 16, 1877.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—Three years ago I was suffering terribly with Inflammatory Rheumatism. Our minister's wife advised me to take VEGETINE. After taking one bottle, I was entirely relieved. This year, feeling a return of the disease, I again commenced taking it, and am being benefitted greatly. It also greatly improves my digestion.
Respectfully,
MRS. A. BALLARD.
1011 West Jefferson Street.

Safe and Sure.

MR. H. R. STEVENS.

In 1872 your VEGETINE was recommended to me; and, yielding to the persuasions of a friend, I consented to try it. At the time I was suffering from general debility and nervous prostration, superinduced by overwork and irregular habits. Its wonderful strengthening and curative properties seemed to affect my debilitated system from the first dose; and under its persistent use I rapidly recovered, gaining more than usual health and good feeling. Since then I have not hesitated to give VEGETINE my most unqualified indorsement as being a safe, sure, and powerful agent in promoting health and restoring the wasted system to new life and energy. VEGETINE is the only medicine I use, and as long as I live I never expect to find a better.
Yours truly, W. H. CLARK,
120 Monterey Street, Alleghany, Pa.

VEGETINE

The following letter from Rev. G. W. Mansfield, formerly pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church Hyde Park, and at present settled in Lowell, must convince every one who reads his letter of the wonderful curative qualities of Vegetine as a thorough cleanser and purifier of the blood.

HYDE PARK, MASS., Feb. 15, 1876.

MR. H. R. STEVENS.

Dear Sir,—About ten years ago my health failed through the depleting effects of dyspepsia; nearly a year later I was attacked by typhoid fever in its worst form. It settled in my back, and took the form of a large deep-seated abscess, which was fifteen months in gathering. I had two surgical operations by the best skill in the State, but received no permanent cure. I suffered great pain at times, and was constantly weakened by a profuse discharge. I also lost small pieces of bone at different times.

Matters ran on thus about seven years, till May, 1874, when a friend recommended me to go to your office, and talk with you of the virtue of Vegetine. I did so, and by your kindness passed through your manufactory, noting the ingredients, &c., by which your remedy is produced.

By what I saw and heard I gained some confidence in Vegetine.

I commenced taking it soon after, but felt worse from its effects; still I persevered, and soon felt it was benefiting me in other respects. Yet I did not see the results I desired till I had taken it faithfully for a little more than a year, when the difficulty in the back was cured; and for nine months I have enjoyed the best of health.

I have in that time gained twenty-five pounds of flesh, being heavier than ever before in my life, and I was never more able to perform labor than now.

During the past few weeks I had a scrofulous swelling as large as my fist gather on another part of my body.

I took Vegetine faithfully, and it removed it level with the surface in a month. I think I should have been cured of my main trouble sooner if I had taken larger doses, after having become accustomed to its effects.

Let your patrons troubled with scrofula or kidney disease understand that it takes time to cure chronic diseases; and, if they will take Vegetine patiently, it will, in my judgment, cure them.

With great obligations, I am
Yours very truly,
G. W. MANSFIELD,
Pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

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On and after Monday, May 28th, trains will arrive and depart from this station as follows:

Trains Arrive.

From Monroe	8:53 a. m
From Prairie du Chien	1:45 p. m
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	5:05 p. m
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:43 a. m
From Monroe, Freight	1:05 p. m

Trains Leave.

For Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:53 a. m
For Chicago, Milwaukee and East	12:20 p m
For Madison, Prairie du Chien and St. Paul	4:00 p. m
For Monroe	7:43 p. m
For Monroe, Freight	4:40 a. m

The 7:43 train arrives in Milwaukee at 11 a. m., and leaves for Janesville and Monroe at 4 p. m,
WM. B. NOYES,
A. V. H. CARPENTER, Agent,
General Pass. Agent. jan30dawtjan1'

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Is the only line between Chicago and Janesville, Watertown, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Appleton, Green Bay, Escanaba, Negaunee, Marquette, Houghton, Hancock and the Lake Superior Country. Its

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Is the only route between Chicago and Elgin, Rockford, Freeport, and all points via Freeport. Its

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Total	$300,000	Total	$67,925

Whole Tickets $10; Half tickets $5; quarters $2.50
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My stock consists of good and desirable goods only, as I have already culled out and sold all of the old and shop worn goods that I had, and the balance of the stock is good, new and desirable and it must be sold, as I must have money. I would also say to all those indebted to me on book account, that all accounts must be paid during the month of January, 1878.

Now, this is no humbug. The goods are going to be sold, and those who come first will get the best bargains. I shall sell all goods as low, and a large portion of them much lower than they can be bought in New York at wholesale.

I mean business, and the goods must be sold; so do not fail to call early, and secure bargains.

Yours Respectfully,
ISAAC FARNSWORTH.
JANESVILLE, December 18th, 1877.

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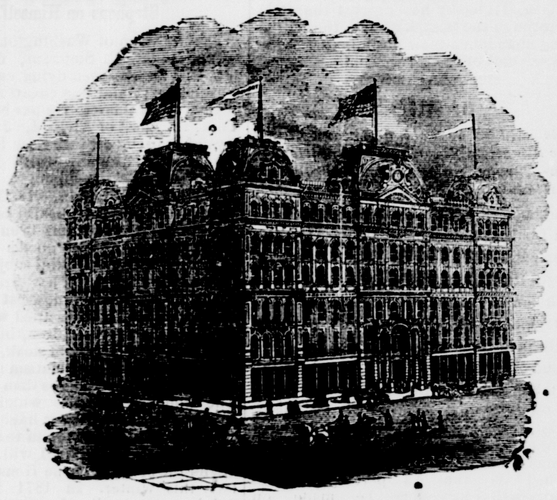
The "PALACE" Hotel of America.
JEWETT WILCOX, Manager. JAMES COUCH, Proprietor



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The undersigned having assumed the MANAGEMENT of the Tremont, hopes to welcome there his old friends, acquaintances, and the traveling public generally, and trusts whenever you visit the city you will favor him with a share of your patronage. Respectfully,
Chicago, 1877. JEWETT WILCOX, Manager.

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16 Years Regularly Visited Janesville.

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Pants,	Sleeve Buttons,	Beds,
Leggins,	Vest Chains,	Pillows,
Hats,	Guard Chains,	Cushions,
Caps,	Earrings,	Bags,
Blankets,	Napkin Rings,	Pencils,
Gloves,	Teething Rings,	Penholders,
Mittens,	Lockets,	Rulers,
Diapers,	Bracelets,	Inkstands,
Bibs,	Thimbles,	Bands,
Sheeting,	Match Boxes,	Erasers,
Corks,	Cigar Cases,	Corks,
Brushes,	Piano Covers,	Flasks,
Combs,	Organ Covers,	Funnels,
Mirrors,	Horse Covers,	Scoops,
Balls,	Horse Boots,	Gymnasiums,
Dolls,	Trotting Rollers,	Wringers,
Rattles,	Interfering Straps,	Atomizors,
Toys,	Curry Combs,	Syringes,
Pipes,	Carriage Cloth,	Nipples,
Pouches,	Door Mats,	Tumblers,
Stems,	Door Springs,	Stockings,
Webbing,	Wagon Springs,	Umbrellas,
Buckets,	Plant Sprays,	Canes,
Pails,	Chair Tips,	Inhalers,
Spittoons,	Slop Jars,	Matting,
Cuspadores,	Finger Cots,	Etc., Etc.

Leather Belting, Table and Carriage Oil Cloths.

At Lowest New York Prices.

Goodyear Rubber COMPANY,

JAS. SUYDAM, Agent,

370 East Water St., Milwaukee.

Send for Price List. my1d2dewly

FORECOSURE BLANKS!

Printed and For Sale by
GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

DECEMBER TRADE!

For the Month of December we propose to give you goods at prices that will be far below any previous ones, and at prices that will be a set back to any pretended competition in the Dry Goods business. We have a very large stock of DRY GOODS of all descriptions that

MUST BE SOLD!

We have a large and beautiful stock of BRUSSELS Three-Ply Ingrain and Two-Ply Carpets that

MUST BE SOLD.

We have a very large stock of Double and Single Paisley, Double and Single Wool, Double and Single Children's Wool SHAWLS of all kinds; NUBIAS of all descriptions; Ladies' Knit JACKETS of all kinds that

MUST BE SOLD.

We have the largest stock of

FLANNELS!

Of every description ever shown in this city, comprising 100 Pieces of Home-Made, which are the best goods for the money ever offered. 100 Pieces of Plaid Shirting of every description, from 1s 6d to 35c. 100 Pieces of Plain Cotton and Wool, saitable for Children and Ladies' underwear, which we are selling at 12½c, the best bargain in the line. 150 Pieces Cotton and Wool Shirting Flannels at one shilling, splendid value. 150 Pieces all Wool and Domet Flannels, from 18½ to 62½c. Check Opera and Plaid Flannels of all descriptions,

THAT MUST BE SOLD!

LADIES' CLOAKS AND CLOAKINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. 50 Pieces of Red Table Clothing, from 75c to $1, that are cheap.
50 Pieces of Table Linen of all descriptions, from 37½ to 62½c, very cheap.
10 Cases Bleached Cotton, from 7 to 10c, that every one knows about.
100 Bales Janesville Sheeting for 7 and 8c, the very best goods in the United States for the money, are acknowledged by the Eastern Jobbers to be the best goods for the money ever known.
50 Pieces Plain Cashmere for 75c, splendid value. 100 Pieces

FLAKE DRESS GOODS!

For One Shilling. 2 Cases Dark Plain Dress Poplin for One Shilling, makes as handsome a dress as any 25c goods.
100 Dozen Balmoral Skirts for one dollar, usual price $1 75.
500 Pieces Colored DeLaines for 10c, cheapest yet. 2 Cases of Plain and Flake Dress Goods at 6¼ c. that are nice.
50 Dozen Felt Skirts all descriptions—we give you a very fine all Wool Skirt for fifty cents—cheap.
10 Bales of Red Twilled Flannel at prices clean below.
100 Dozen Towels from 10c to 37½; defy all. 150 Dozen Napkins, all kinds, from 7s to 12s dozen.
25 Pieces Bleached Table Linen at a very low figure.

1000 SETS OF FURS

That out do any thing of the kind known to the trade. We are surprised ourselves when we look at these and see what a bargain we can give you in this line. We sold 50 set last week, and never have sold anything that seems to please the customer as these do, for when we are able to sell a customer a 20 or 30 dollar set of furs for 15 to 18 dollars it does every one good. People buying furs will do well to examine these.
1500 Dozen Gloves and Hosiery of all descriptions, in any and every style.
1500 Dozen of Ladies' and Children's Wool and Cotton Hose of all kinds, that suit the trade: our one shilling hose are the best we ever sold for the money.
People that are looking for goods of any kind in our line, if you give us a call we will try and please you; if not satisfied there will be no cross looks for showing.
Respectfully Yours,
SMITH & BOSTWICK.

THE CASH BUSINESS A SUCCESS!

McCLERNAN & CO.,

Wish to inform their friends, and the public in general, that they have just received a large and well selected stock of

Fall & Winter Dry Goods!

Consisting of London and Bordeaux Plaids and Stripped Dress Goods, which they will sell at 10 and 12½ cents per yard. Also a handsome line of Colored Cashmeres at 20c per yard. We invite special inspection of our

MARY STEWART DOUBLE WIDTH BLACK ALPACA FOR 25 CENTS.

Come and see our Basket Cloth Suiting from 15 to 25c per yard; Snowflake and Knickerbocker Suitings at 12½c. Colored Alpacas and Poplins, at lower prices than anywhere else. We will sell

BLACK CASHMERES

10 per cent less than any other house. We will sell Shawls and Cloaking Beavers 20 per cent less than any other house in the west. Horse Blankets, White Blankets, Waterproofs, Tweeds and Cassimeres, at extraordinary low prices

Our Domestic Department is Immense!

Bleached and Brown Sheeting as low as 5c per yard. Cotton Flannel 10 and 12½c per yard. Our Print Department is the neatest and most select in the city, (so the ladies say). A large and varied assortment of Nubias, Hoods, Knit Jackets, Felt and Balmoral Skirts. A handsome line of Silk and Worsted Fringes.

OUR NOTION DEPARTMENT

Is complete, consisting of Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, Ladies' and Children's Leggins, Back and Circle Combs, Fine and Coarse Combs, Veil Bareges, Tissues, Plain and Dotted Lace, Lace Scarfs, Silk Ties, Rouches, Ruffs, Queen Bess Collarettes, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Ribbons and Silk Handkerchiefs Embroidery, Clothes Brushes, Hair Brushes. Come and see our Table Linen at 25c per yard; 4 yards of Crash for 25c. Towels and Napkins in proportion. Flannels 10 per cent lower than any other firm. In Ladies' and Gent's Underwear, the best value in town. A large assortment of Mink, Alaska, Coney, Lynx and Irmine Furs at wonderful low prices. Remember the place, Myers House Block, Main Street, Janesville, opposite the crossing.

McCLERNAN & CO.
oct20deow

DR. PRICE'S

Cream Baking Powder

Special Flavoring Extracts

Eminent Chemists and Physicians certify that these goods are free from adulteration, richer, more effective, produce better results than any others, and that they use them in their own families.

DR. PRICE'S Unique Perfumes are the Gems of all Odors.
Toothene, an exquisite Liquid Dentrifice.

USE STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS.

STEELE & PRICE, Manfrs., Chicago, St. Louis & Cincinnati.
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THE STEINAU JEWELRY CO.'S **FOR ONE DOLLAR!** IMPERIAL CASKET.
And New Illustrated Catalogue, with instructions how to become Agents.

Our Imperial Casket contains one pair of Lady's Bracelets, one Roman Neck Chain and Locket, one set of Studs, one pair of Sleeve Buttons, one Lady's Set (Ear-rings and Pin), one Seal Ring, one engraved "Friendship" Ring, one Plain Ring, one embossed Collar Button; all of which are the finest gold-plate, warranted to stand the test of solid gold, and exactly as represented by the engravings in this announcement. On receipt of One Dollar we will send this grand array of elegant Jewelry, securely packed in a beautiful morocco casket, postpaid, to any address. Our illustrated catalogue accompanies every casket free.

"Having one of the Imperial Caskets in our possession, we must say, that, while the articles are not solid gold, they are beautiful imitations and very pretty, each particular piece being equally as good as is sold in the city Jewelry stores."—EDITORS' HOME AND FARM.

"An honorable house, entitled to the confidence of their patrons."—EDITOR CHRISTIAN WORLD.

"We endorse the high order of respectability attached to the Steinau Jewelry Co."—ED. BOSTON GLOBE.

"To assure our patrons of our responsibility, we refer to any reliable business house in Cincinnati, and by permission to the commercial agency of Tappan, McKillop and Co." Mail all orders to

STEINAU JEWELRY COMPANY, No. 5 Arcade, CINCINNATI, O

IMPORTANT LETTER

From a Distinguished Physician.

NO single disease has entailed more suffering or hastened the breaking up of the constitution than Catarrh. The sense of smell, of taste, of sight, of hearing, the human voice, the mind, one or more and sometimes all yield to its destructive influence. The poison it distributes throughout the system attacks every vital force, and breaks up the most robust of constitutions. Ignored because but little understood by most physicians, impotently assailed by quacks and charlatans, those suffering from it have little hope to be relieved of it this side of the grave. It is time, then, that the popular treatment of this terrible disease by remedies within the reach of all passed into hands at once competent and trustworthy. The new and hitherto untried method adopted by Dr. Sanford in the preparation of his RADICAL CURE has won my hearty approval. I believe it likely to succeed when all the usual remedies fail, because it strikes at the root of the disease, viz., the *acidified blood*, while it heals the ulcerated membrane by direct application to the nasal passages. Its action is based on certain fixed rules, and unless the vital forces are too far exhausted, must, in the great majority of cases, effect a cure.

GEO. BEARD, M. D.

NORSCOTT BLOCK, So. FRAMINGHAM, Oct. 1, 1874.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE

MAY safely claim to be one of the few popular remedies receiving the approval of medical gentlemen, who, in private, not only freely recommend it but use it in their families in preference to any of the preparations usually prescribed by physicians.

"You are aware," said a distinguished city physician, "that my obligations to the Mass. Medical Society are such that I cannot publicly recommend or prescribe the Radical Cure; but since I received so much relief from the use of it myself, after a thorough trial of the usual remedies, I have privately advised its use, and presume I have sent to your store no less than one hundred of my patients for it."

UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION.

GENTLEMEN,—We have sold SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE for nearly one year, and can say candidly that we never sold a similar preparation that gave such universal satisfaction. We have to learn the first complaint yet.

We are not in the habit of recommending patent medicines, but your preparation meets the wants of thousands, and we think those afflicted should be convinced of its great merit so that their suffering will be relieved. We have been in the drug business for the past twelve years constantly, and sold everything for Catarrh, but yours leads all the rest. If you see proper you can use this letter or any part of it that you wish.

Very truly yours, S. D. BALDWIN & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Drugs, Books and Stationery, Washington, Ind., Feb. 23, 1876.

Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, and full directions for use in all cases. Price, $1.00. For sale by all wholesale and retail druggists and dealers throughout the United States and Canadas. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

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An Electro-Galvanic Battery combined with a highly Medicated Strengthening Plaster, forming the best Plaster for pains and aches in the World of Medicine.

ELECTRICITY

As a grand curative and restorative agent is not equalled by any element or medicine in the history of the healing art. Unless the vital spark has fled the body, restoration by means of electricity is possible. It is the last resort of all physicians and surgeons, and has rescued thousands, apparently dead, from an untimely grave, when no other human agency could have succeeded. This is the leading curative element in this Plaster.

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The healing properties of our own fragrant balsam and pine and the gums of the East are too well known to require description. Their grateful, healing, soothing, and strengthening properties are known to thousands. When combined in accordance with late and important discoveries in pharmacy, their healing and strengthening properties are increased tenfold. In this respect our Plaster is the best in use without the aid of electricity.

TWO IN ONE.

Thus combined we have two grand medical agents in one, each of which performs its function and unitedly produce more cures than any liniment, lotion, wash, or plaster ever before compounded in the history of medicine. Try one. PRICE, 25 CENTS.

Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

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Conveyancing Promptly Attended to Agent Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R. Co's Lands.

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Law, Collection, Real Estate and Loan Office.

Special attention given to collections, and to the foreclosure of mortgages. All business intrusted to his care promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Office on Main street, over M. C. Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wis. aug4dawly

Dr. M. A. NEWMAN,
Dental Surgeon,

Office in Smith & Jackman's block, opposite the postoffice, Janesville. Practices Dentistry in all its branches. Administers nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth. sep5dawly

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Collections made, loans negotiated mortgages foreclosed.

Office, Lappin's block, cor. Main and Milwaukee streets. jan31'76dawly

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SURGEON DENTIST

Office in Tallman's Block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee st, Janesville, Wis. feb27dawly

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Abstracts of Title
A. E. MORSE,

At the office of Register of Deeds.

Will furnish abstracts of title to any lands in Rock county at reasonable rates; buy and sell real estate; pay taxes and negotiate loans. nov15dswtf

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Holiday Music Books!

The World of Song.
Magnificent Bound Volume of Songs of the most popular and musical character.

The Sunshine of Song.
Magnificent bound volume of the most recent and popular songs.

Gems of the Dance.
Splendid bound Volume of the most Brilliant Piano Music, by Strauss and others.

The Cluster of Gems.
Splendid Bound Volume of the finest piano pieces of Medium Difficulty.

Each book has 200 to 250 pages full sheet music size, and costs $2.50 in Bds; $3 in Cloth; $4 Fine Gilt for Presents.

Send for 5 Christmas Selections, $4 per 100.

WINTER SINGING BOOKS.

The Salutation. ($1 25 or $12 doz.)
Zion. ($1 25 or $12 doz.)
Two first class Church Music Books.
Encore. (75 cts., or $7.50 doz.)
Johnson's Chorus Choir Instruction Book, ($1 25 or $12 doz.)
Perkins' Singing School. (75 cts., or $6.75 doz.
Three of the best possible Singing class Books.

Any book mailed post-free for retail price.

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First National Bank

JANESVILLE, December 8, 1877.

THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY, JANUARY 7, 1878.

Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.
Trains at Janesville station.

-ARRIVE-

From Monroe	8:53 a m
From Prairie du Chien	1:45 p m
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	5:05 p m
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:43 p m
From Monroe (Freight.)	4:30 a m

-DEPART-

For Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:53 a m
For Chicago, Milwaukee and East	12:30 p m
For Madison, Prairie du Chien, St Paul.	4:00 p m
For Monroe	7:43 p m
For Monroe (Freight,)	4:40 a m

WM. B. NOYES, Agent.
A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't.

Chicago & Northwestern R. R.
Trains at Janesville Station.

Going North—	Arrive	Depart.
Day Express	1:30 p. m.	1:35 p. m.
Fond du Lac passenger.	8:50 p. m.	9:55 p. m
Going South—	**Arrive**	**Depart**
Day Express	2:45 p. m.	2:48 p. m.
Fon du Lac passenger.	6:55 a. m.	7:00 a. m.

M. HUGHETT, Gen'l Supt.
W. H. STENNETT, General Passenger Agent.
jan30dtjan1'78

Post-Office.--Winter Time Table.

The mails arrive at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

Chicago and Way	1:40 p. m.
Chicago Through, Night via Milton and Watertown Junctions	7:00 a. m.
Green Bay and Way	2:50 p. m.
Monroe and Way	7:50 a. m.
Madison and Way	1:50 p. m.
Milwaukee and Way	5:10 p. m.
Centre and Leyden, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by	12:00 m.
Emerald Grove, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by	12:00 m.
East Troy, via Johnstown, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays by	6:00 p. m.

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

Chicago Through, Night via Milton Junction also Milton	8:00 p. m.
Chicago and Way	2:30 p. m.
All points East, West and South of Chicago	2:30 p. m.
All points East, West and South of Chicago via Milton Junction	8:00 p m
Green Bay and Way, including Minnesota, Northern Michigan and Northern Iowa	1:10 p. m.
Milwaukee and Way	11:35 a. m.
West, Madison, via M. & P. du C. R. W., including Northern Iowa	3:30 p. m.
Monroe, Brodhead and Way	7:15 p. m
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport and Way	2:30 p. m.

OVER-LAND MAILS CLOSE.

Center and Leyden, Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at	2:00 p. m.
East Troy, via Rock Prairie, Johnstown Richmond, &c., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at	7:00 a. m
Emerald Grove and Fairfield, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at	2:00 p. m.

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

Daily from 8:00 a. m. to 8:00 p. m. On Sundays from 12:00 to 1:00 p. m. Money Order and Registered Letter Department open from 8:00 a. m. to 12:00 m., and from 1:00 to 5:00 p. m., except during the distribution of the mails. Stamps, stamped envelopes, postal cards and Wrappers for sale at East front wicket from 8 a m to 8 p m. Orders for stamped envelopes with return card printed thereon, should be left at the Money order Department.

The time advertised for closing the mails herewith will be strictly adhered to.

H. A. PATTERSON, P. M.

GREAT BARGAINS

-AT-

The Gazette Counting Room.

-:o:-

1 Young Giant Fanning Mill.

(A P Dickey's Make.)

-:o:-

1 Centennial Fanning Mill.

-:o:-

1 Top Buggy.

All New and Warranted. Call and See Them.

GAZETTE PRINT. CO.

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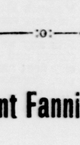

BLANKS!

FOR

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JACKSON'S BEST
SWEET NAVY CHEWING TOBACCO

was awarded the highest prize at the Centennial Exposition for its fine chewing qualities, the excellence and lasting character of its sweetening and flavoring. If you want the best tobacco ever made ask your grocer for this, and see that each plug bears our blue strip trade mark with words Jackson's Best on it. Sold wholesale by all jobbers. Send for sample to C. A. JACKSON & CO., Manufacturers, Petersburg, Va.

AGENTS WANTED!

FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS

WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.,

929 Broadway, New York City:
Chicago, Ill.; New Orleans, La;
Or San Francisco, Cal.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

WORK FOR ALL

In their own localities, canvassing for the FIRESIDE VISITOR, (enlarged) Weekly and Monthly. *Largest Paper in the World*, with Mammoth Chromos Free. Big Commissions to Agents. Terms and Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

25 Fancy Cards, Snowflake, Damask, etc., ne 2 alike, with name, 10c. Nassau Card Co., Nassau, N. Y.

CONFIDENTIAL Notice to Agents. New Organs 16 Stops $120, 13 $96, 12, $85, 9, $65. **Pianos** retail price $650 only $175. **Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J.**

The Paper for Farmers

THE

Michigan Farmer

Is now the leading agricultural paper in the Northwest; as it is the recognized authority on all matters pertaining to the value of **farm products.**

It is one of the largest, best printed and edited papers published in the interests of farmers.

Subscription price **$2.00** *per year postage paid.*

Sample Copies furnished free on application. Address JOHNSTON & GIBBONS, DETROIT, MICH.

Splendid inducements to agents to canvass, Send for our circulars giving terms.

PULMONA cures **Asthma.**
PULMONA cures **Catarrh.**
PULMONA cures **Bronchitis.**
PULMONA cures **Consumption.**
PULMONA increases the **Strength.**
PULMONA invigorates the **Appetite.**
PULMONA subdues **Chills** and **Fever.**
PULMONA is sold by druggists. Price $1 per bottle.

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THE MILWAUKEE MEDICAL & SURGICAL INSTITUTE.

Established 1857 and Chartered by the State Legislature for the improved treatment of all Private and Chronic Diseases mentioned in this card. Just published,

"THE SILENT FRIEND!"

A confidential Adviser for the young and middle aged of both sexes on all Diseases of a Private Nature, arising from Early Abuses or Infection, Seminal Weakness, and Loss of Manhood, and the best means of cure; with valuable advice to the Married and those contemplating Marriage; including a treatise on Female Diseases, and Chronic Affections of the Throat, Lungs and Skin, Catarrh, Cancer, Rupture, Piles, Fistula, the Opium Habit &c. It contains 200 large pages and numerous engravings, mailed under seal on receipt of 50 cts.

A CLINICAL LECTURE on the above diseases, and the principles of medical practice in their treatment. Price 10 cts. Address, Attending Physicians,

M. & S. INSTITUTE,
No. 435 Water st., MILWAUKEE, Wis.
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NO CURE-NO FEE! Dr. A. G. OLIN, 8 Private Hospital: 187 East Washington street, Chicago, for the cure of all Private, Chronic and Special Diseases, **Seminal Weakness, Nervous Debility,** and **Lost Manhood,** permanently cured. Dr. O. is a graduate of the Reform School, and uses no Mercury; has the largest practice in the United States. **LADIES** requiring treatment with home and board, call or write. Every convenience for patients. Send Fifty Cents for **MARRIAGE GUIDE!** 275 pages, Illustrated. **MARRIED LADIES** and gentlemen send Fifty Cents for Sample of Rubber Goods and Circular of important information, by express. Consultation free and confidential. Reliable Female Pills, $5 a Box.

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DYKES' BEARD ELIXIR will force a heavy beard on the smoothest face, in from 20 to 40 days. More than 20,000 young men ALREADY WEAR HEAVY MUSTACHE AND BEARD, having used from 1 to 3 Packages. No injury. Easily applied. Certain in effect. Package with directions post-paid 25 cts 3 for 50cts. A. SMITH & CO., Box 4470, Phila. Pa. This preparation has imitations. The public will use this caution and Address as above

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MANHOOD RESTORED.

Victims of youthful imprudence, who have tried in vain every known remedy, will learn of a simple prescription, FREE, for the speedy cure of nervous debility premature decay, lost manhood, and all disorders brought on by excesses. Any druggist has the ingredients. Address DAVIDSON & CO., 86 Nassau St., N. Y.

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Madison Dispensary
201 So. Clark St. Chicago, Ill.
DR. C. BIGELOW,

Who has been engaged in the treatment of all SEXUAL and CHRONIC Diseases in Chicago for twenty years. *All mercurial affections of the throat, skin or bones,* treated on latest scientific principles in half the usual time, safely and privately. SPERMATORRHŒA, SEXUAL DEBILITY and IMPOTENCY, as the result of self-abuse or sexual excesses in maturer years rendering MARRIAGE IMPROPER, are permanently cured. Pamphlet (56 pages) relating to the above, sent in sealed envelopes, for two 3-cent stamps. Consultation at office or by mail free. Rooms separate for ladies and gentlemen, finest in city.

MARRIAGE GUIDE
OR SEXUAL PATHOLOGY.

A work of 200 large sized pages, containing all information for those who are MARRIED or CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE, ILLUSTRATING everything on the subject of the GENERATIVE SYSTEM that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work. PRICE FIFTY CENTS, SECURE BY MAIL. ADDRESS MADISON DISPENSARY, 201 SO. CLARK ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

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New York Mercury

FORTIETH YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

For forty years the New York Mercury has been before the public—a welcome guest throughout the length and breadth of the land. The Pioneer of Weekly Journalism, it has kept pace with the march of Improvement and Progress. As in the Past so in the Future, it proposes to retain its rank as the

LEADING LITERARY, FAMILY AND MISCELLANEOUS JOURNAL OF THE AGE.

Originality is a Prominent Feature, especially in its Literary Columns. Its Serial Stories are by the Best Authors, its extensive list of contributors embracing the names of the most celebrated AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN WRITERS OF FICTION.

The Mercury has achieved a National Reputation for its Sketches of Romance and Real Life, a field in which it has no rival. Another specialty is its

TABLE-TALK DEPARTMENT.

In which appears regularly the "best thoughts of the best minds," overflowing with diverting anecdotes, vivacious poetry, and quaint conceits.

THE HOME CIRCLE.

While the Ladies are also always sure to find in the Mercury articles of living interest to the sex. Children are catered to in a manner designed to instruct as well as amuse.

A RECORD OF PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

The Mercury gives every item of public or personal importance in the Theatrical, Musical, Arenic and Variety World. Its correspondents who cover both Hemispheres—ever faithful and industrious—contribute regularly a full, comprehensive, and reliable budget of information superior in accuracy and scope to that of any journal published.

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The Mercury is the only recognized favorite of the Volunteer and Paid Fire Departments of the Union and Canada, affording, as it does promptly and exhaustively, all attainable facts and gossip. During the Season of Out-door Sports many columns are devoted to the favorite game of Baseball. Its reports of games, and its tabular records of plays and players, are the best published.

THE NEWS AND GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Always embrace special articles on timely and interesting topics; editorials, condensed news-items, humorous paragraphs, etc., etc.

Altogether, in point of variety, quantity and quality, The New York Mercury is unsurpassed by any Journal in the World.

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The New York Mercury with its fifty-six columns of sterling, original matter, will continue to be issued at Eight Cents a copy, and sold by all newsmen and periodical dealers in America. To mail-subscribers our terms for 1878 will be (cash in advance):—Single copies (postage paid), Three Dollars per Annum.

Write plainly the name of post-office, county, and State. Specimen copies sent free to all applicants. Address WILLIAM CAULDWELL, Proprietor of the New York Mercury, No 128 Fulton street, New York City.

THE

Janesville Gazette

Newspaper and Job Printing Establishment.

Various Extensive and Important Improvements

have recently been completed in the material of the office.

-:o:-

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

DAILY, SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY Editions,

has the reputation of being

The Best Paper in Southern Wisc'sin

HAS A LARGER CIRCULATION

Than All Other Papers Published in Rock County.

In addition to these recommendations the paper offers the advantages and attractions of being the largest and handsomest paper in the State. We invite the attention of everybody interested to these facts.

-:o:-

The Job Printing Office!

SPEAKS FOR ITSELF

Through ome of the Very Finest and Best Printing Ever Done in the West.

The Material in Use is New and of the Latest Designs,

The Workmen Employed are Experienced and Competent

THE PRICES ARE ALWAYS REASONABLE

A Orders Aended o Promply, and Satisfaction Guaran teed.

GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY,

Janesville, Wisconsin.

PLANKINTON House.

MILWAUKEE, - - - - WISCONSIN.

-:o:-

Opening of the New Addition---Graduated Scale of Prices.

Since the completion of the new addition to the Plankinton House—hitherto recognized as one of the best hotels in the country—this house is now conceded to be one of the most elegant. The following schedule of prices has been adopted, which will meet the requirements of the traveling public, and must be regarded as coming down to hard-money basis:

L Rooms, 2d, 3d and 4th floors	$2.50
L Rooms, 1st floor,	3.00
Rear Rooms, 1st, 2d and 3d floor,	3.00
Front Roms, 1st, 2d and 3d floor,	3.50

ARCADE--NEW PART--THIRD FLOOR.

Room,	3.00
Room with Bath,	3.50
Parlor and bedroom with bath, 1 person,	4.00
Parlor and bedroom with bath, 2 persons,	7.00

First and Second Floors.

Rear Room,	3.00
Rear Room with bath,	4.00
Rear Parlor and bedroom with bath, 1 person,	4.50
Rear Parlor and bedroom with bath, 2 persons,	8.00
Front Room,	3.50
Front Room with bath	

Great BARGAINS IN CLOAKS!!

AT THE

Centennial Dry Goods $tore

-:o:-

Having Closed Out the Balance of a Manufacturers Stock of Ladies Fine Beaver and Matlasse Cloaks at a great Bargain, we will be enabled to sell them at the following great Reduction from previous prices.

$3 60 Cloaks reduced to	$ 2 50	$12 50 Cloaks reduced to	10 00
$4 00 Cloaks reduced to	3 00	$15 00 Cloaks reduced to	12 0
$7 00 Cloaks reduced to	5 00	$20 00 Cloaks reduced to	15 0
$10 00 Cloaks reduced to	8 00	$30 00 Cloaks reduced to	20 0

WE INVITE the LADIES of JANESVILLE

and vicinity to call and examine the above goods, whether they wish to purchase or not, as the goods are fully 25 to 50 per cent cheaper than the same goods can be bought in this city.

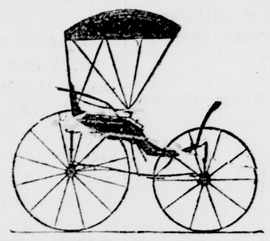
During the Month of December

We will offer some great jobs in Flannels, Blankets, Shawls, Ladies', Gent's and Children's Underwear, Dress Goods, Corsets, Skirts, Towels, Table Linens, Napkins, and a large assortment of Holiday Goods of all kinds.

J. & D. CREIGHTON,
17 Main Street, Janesville, Wis.

December 1st, 1877.

P S—We have no connection with any other store on our block. my14deow-41weowtf



PARKINSON & McALLISTER

HAVE OPENED

A CARRIAGE REPOSITORY

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT STORE!

33 West Milwaukee Street, Janesville, Wis.

WHERE THEY ARE SELLING

Open Buggies	from	$ 75.00 Upwards.
Top Carriages	"	$125.00 Upwards.
Top Phaetons	"	$170.00 Upwards.
Platform Wagons	"	$100.00 Upwards.
Harnesses	"	$ 11.00 Upwards.
Horses	"	$ 50.00 Upwards.

Second Hand Buggies at your own Price--Whips & Blankets at Cost!

Can undersell any House in the State. All work warranted. Agents for Harris' Safes.

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PARKINSON & McALLISTER.

FURS!

FURS! FURS!

-:o:-

Great Excitement Among Musk-Rat Dealers and Cheap Fur Venders, since

Smith & Bostwick

Put their Furs to a mere nominal price there has been wailing and gnashing of teeth among the Cheap Furriers. The sale of Furs at our establishment has simply been enormous. Never in the history of Fur business has there been such a sale at this house.

People looking for the purpose of buying will save time and money by examining our stock. Respectfully Yours,

SMITH & BOSTWICK.

Janesville, Dec. 10th, 1877.

This Space For

HEIMSTREET, Druggist,

—AND—

Artist's Materials.

Prescriptions compounded all hours of the Night.

Large Sale of White Wool Blankets

-:o:-

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE INSURANCE SALE OF FIELD, LEITER & CO.'S STOCK,

200 PAIR ALL WOOL 11-4 HEAVY WHITE BLANKETS, USUAL PRICE, $9.50. WE SELL THE ENTIRE LOT FOR $6.00. THE BIGGEST BARGAIN KNOWN.

SMITH & BOSTWICK.

FIRE! FIRE!

INSURANCE.

Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, assets	$3,273,868.00
Phenix Fire Insurance Company, New York, assets	2,792,902.00
German American Fire Insurance Company, assets	2,209,036.00
St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company, St. Paul,	1,125,000.00
North British & Mercantile Insurance Co., London,	32,538,612.00